

Fig. 5.1.1 Resistance curves

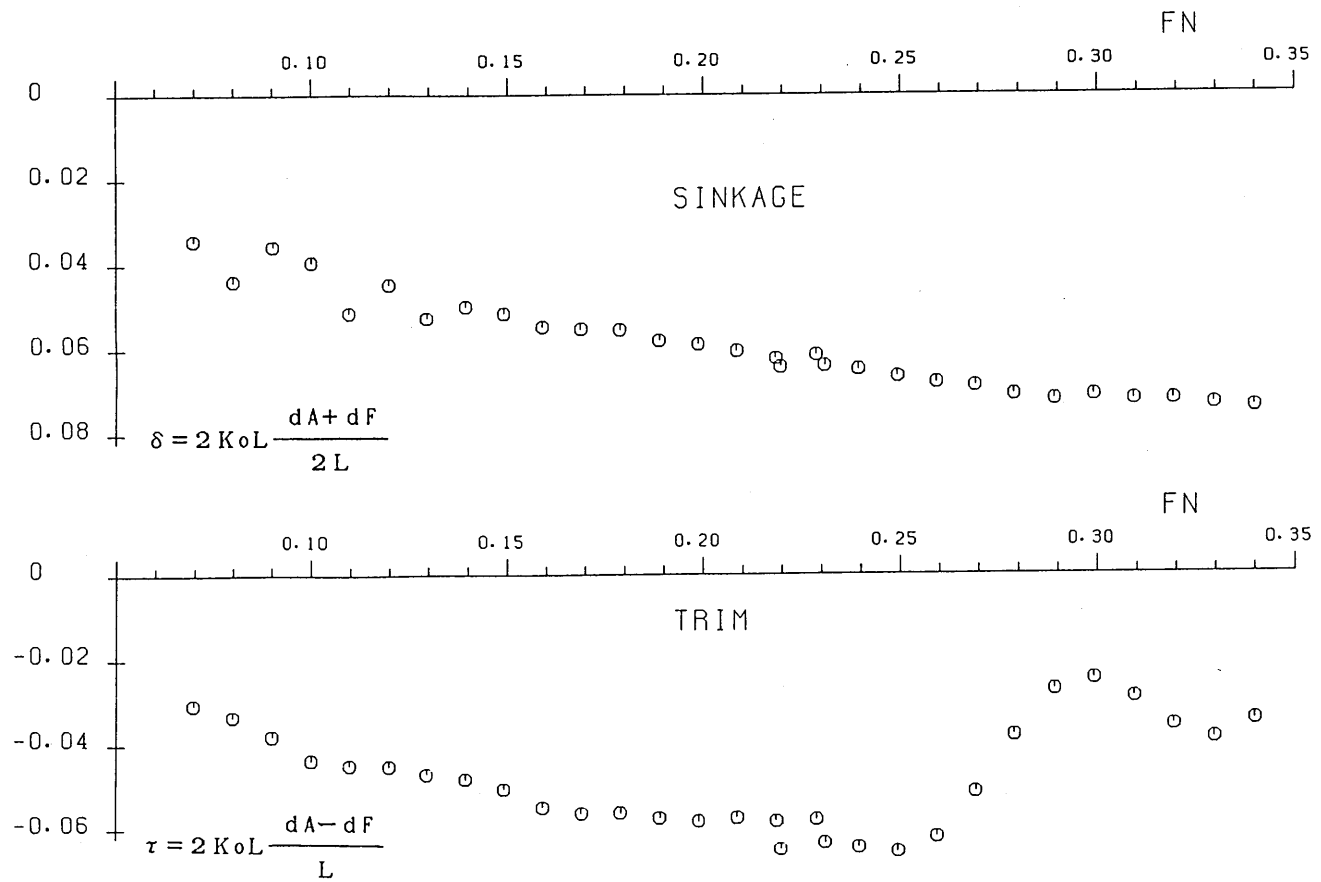


Fig. 5.1.2 Trim and sinkage curves

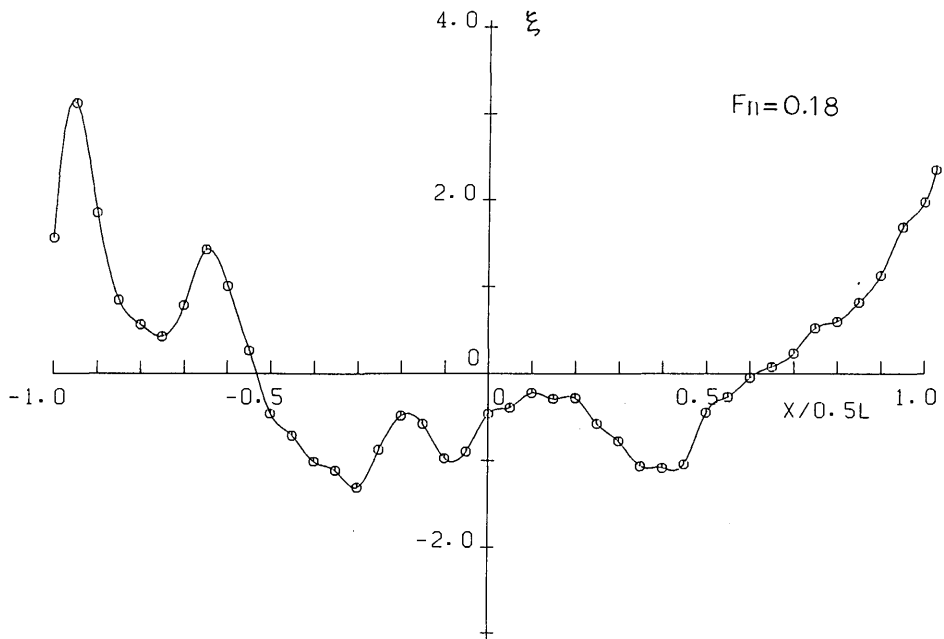


Fig. 5.2.1 Wave profile along the hull at  $F_n=0.18$

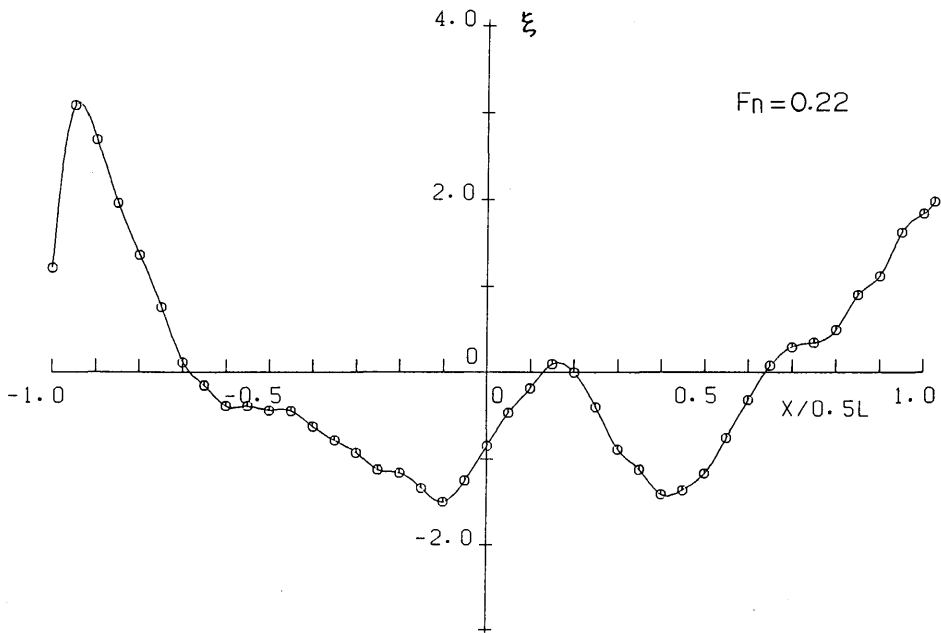


Fig. 5.2.2 Wave profile along the hull at  $F_n=0.22$

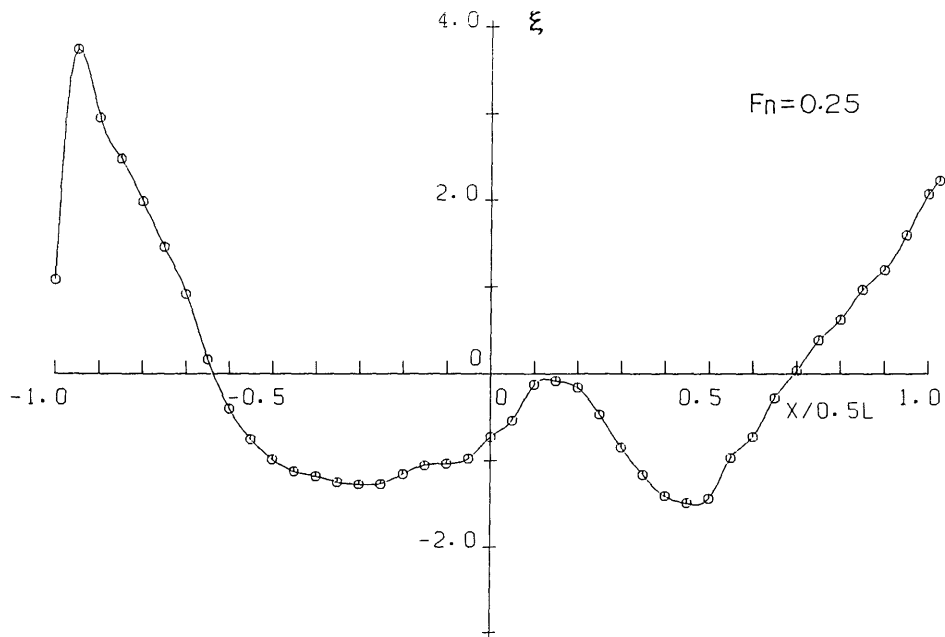


Fig. 5.2.3 Wave profile along the hull at  $F_n=0.25$

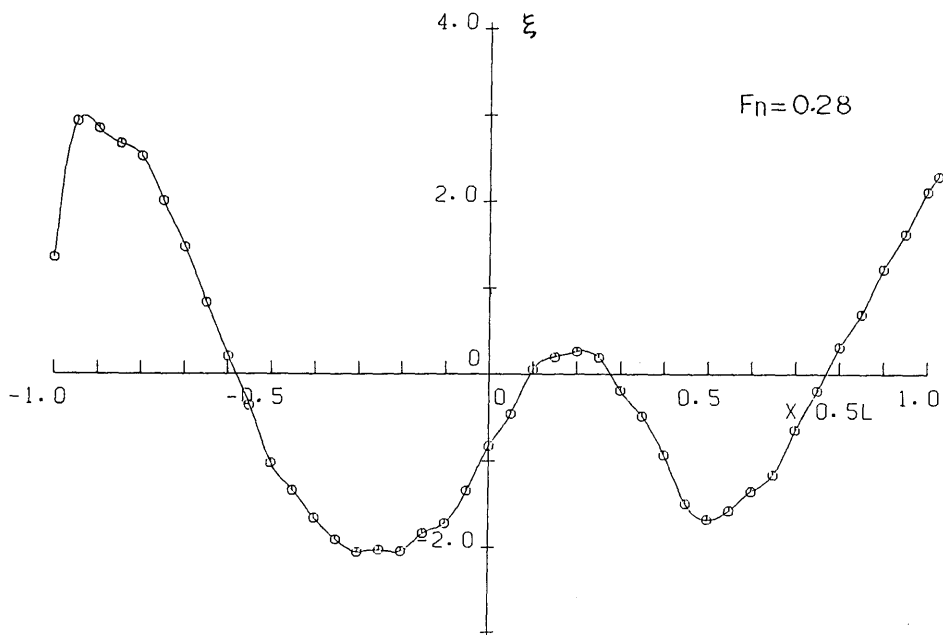


Fig. 5.2.4 Wave profile along the hull at  $F_n=0.28$

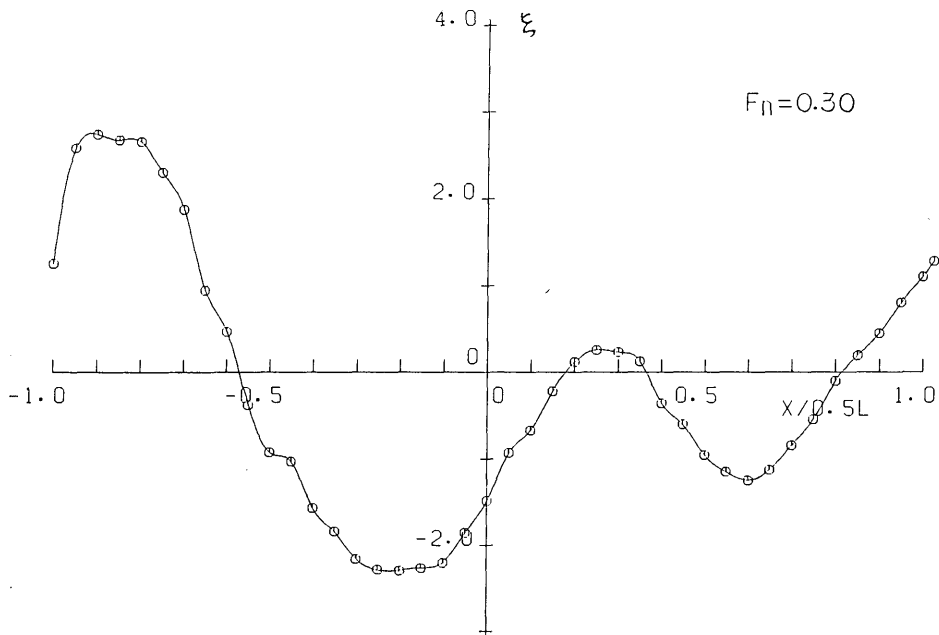


Fig. 5.2.5 Wave profile along the hull at  $F_n=0.30$

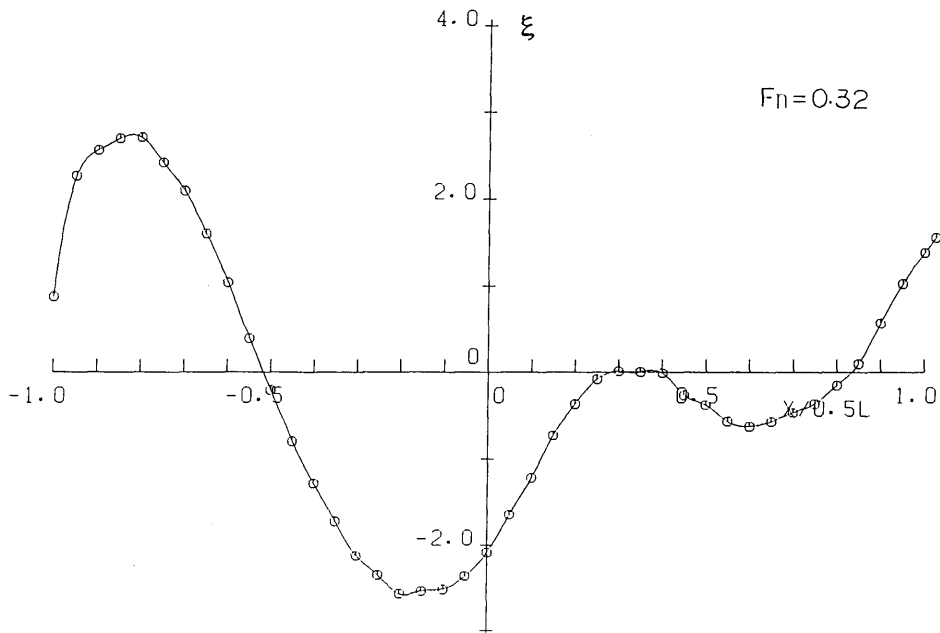


Fig. 5.2.6 Wave profile along the hull at  $F_n=0.32$

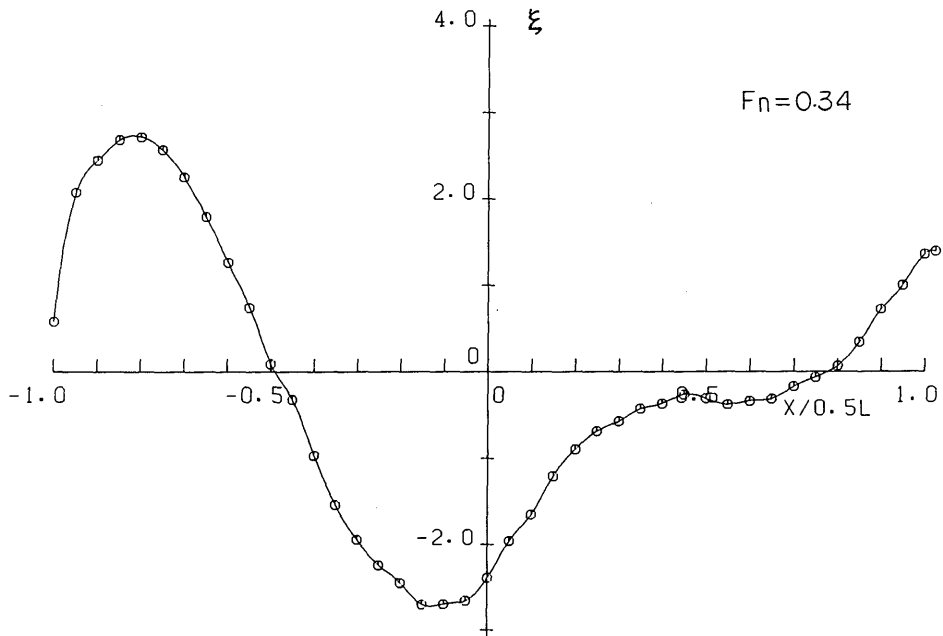


Fig. 5.2.7 Wave profile along the hull at  $F_n=0.34$

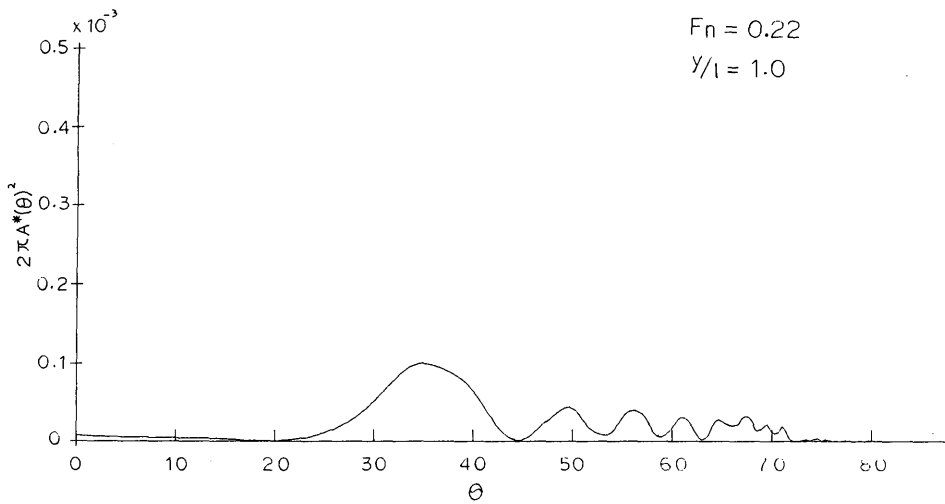


Fig. 5.3.1 Amplitude function for  $y/l=1.0$  at  $F_n=0.22$

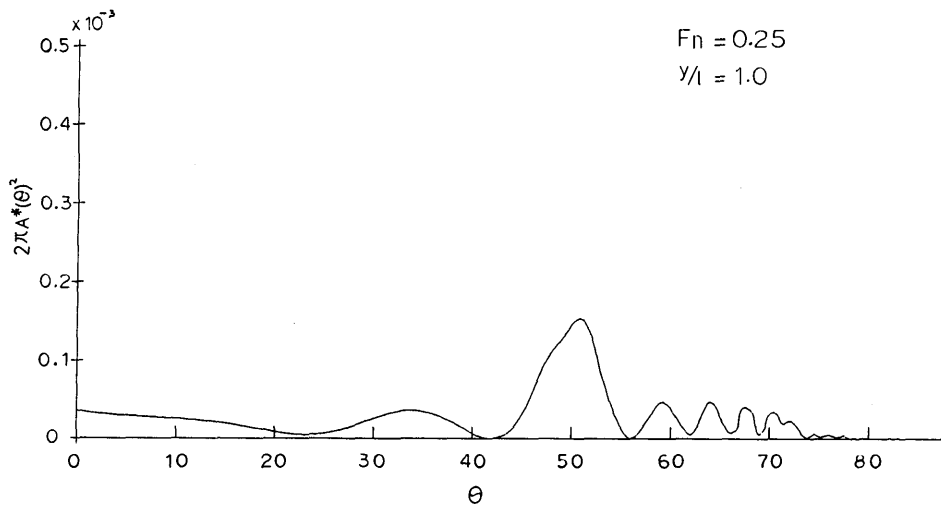


Fig. 5.3.2 Amplitude function for  $y/l=1.0$  at  $F_n=0.25$

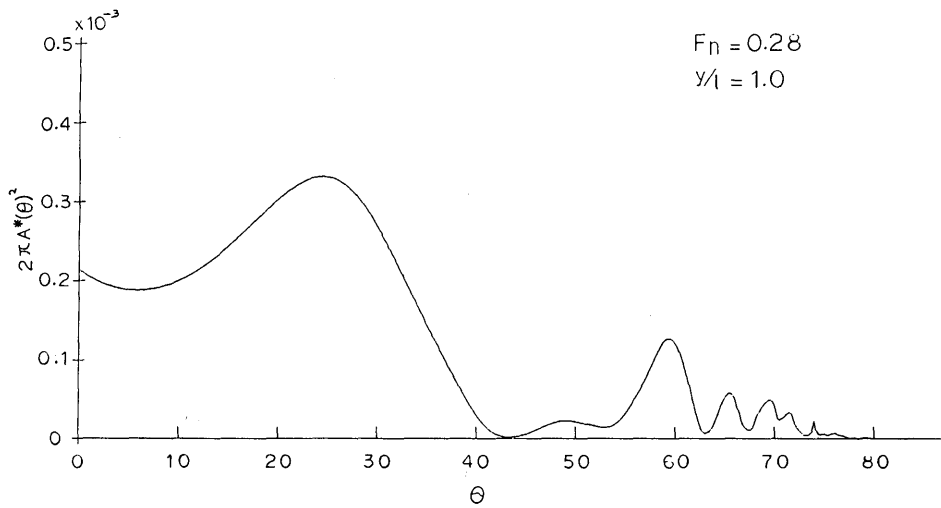


Fig. 5.3.3 Amplitude function for  $y/l=1.0$  at  $F_n=0.28$

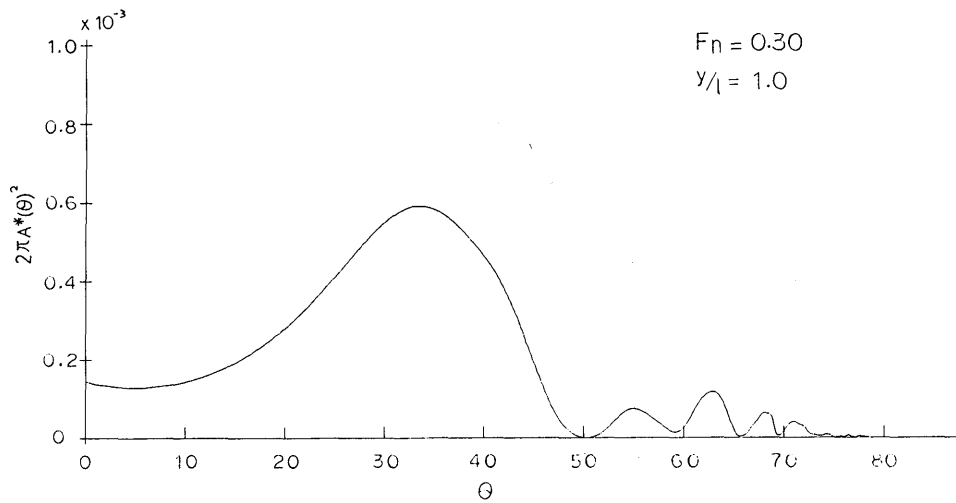


Fig. 5.3.4 Amplitude function for  $y/l=1.0$  at  $F_n=0.30$

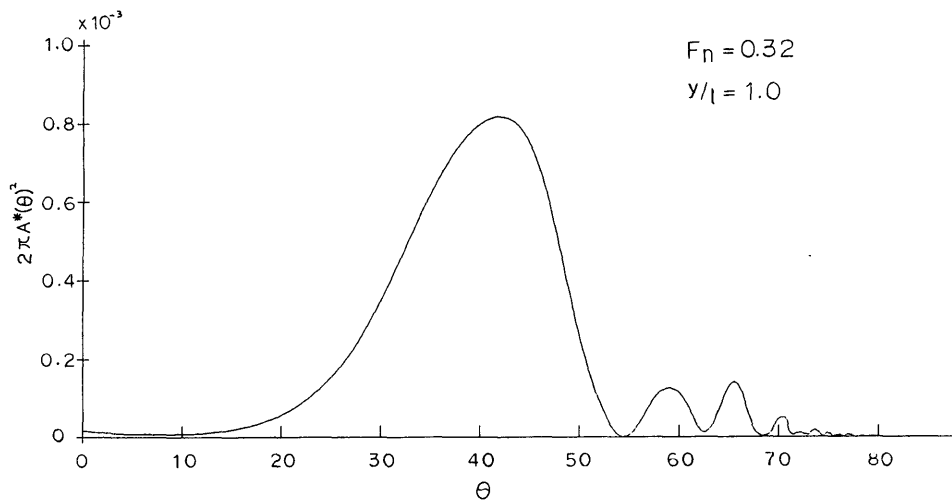


Fig. 5.3.5 Amplitude function for  $y/l=1.0$  at  $F_n=0.32$



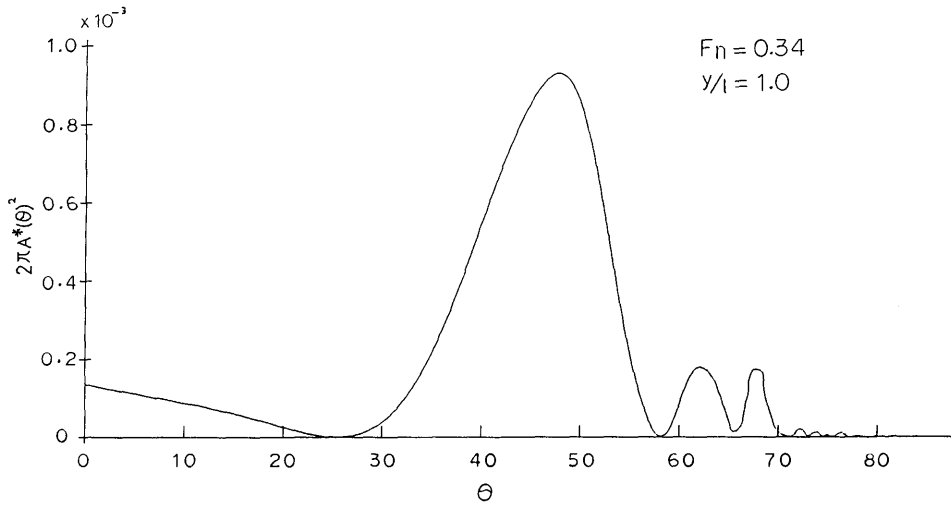


Fig. 5.3.6 Amplitude function for  $y/l=1.0$  at  $F_n=0.34$

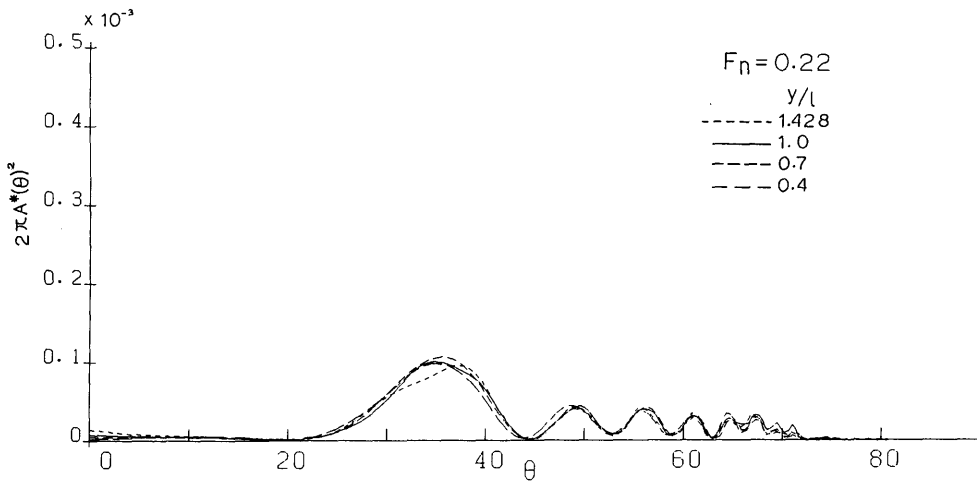


Fig. 5.3.7 Comparison of weighed amplitude functions for  $y/l=0.4, 0.7, 1.0$  and  $1.4286$  at  $F_n=0.22$

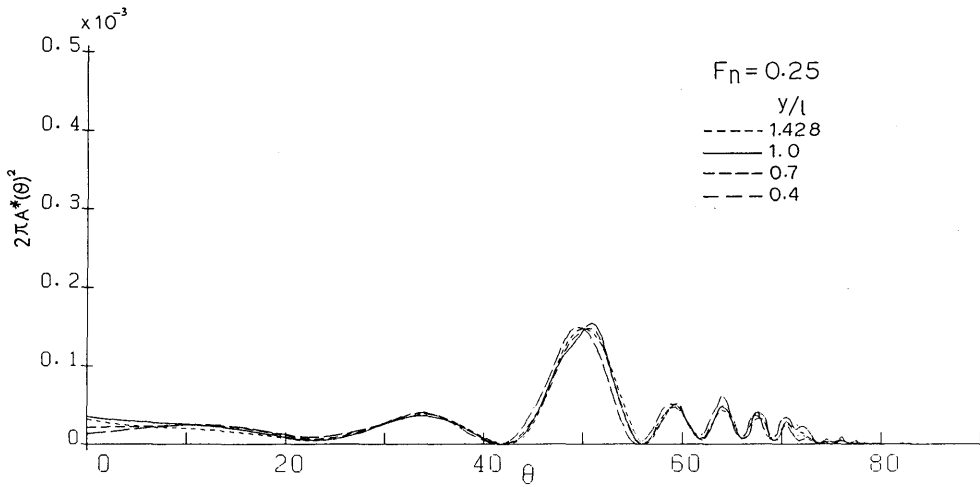


Fig. 5.3.8 Comparison of weighed amplitude functions for  $y/l=0.4, 0.7, 1.0$  and  $1.4286$  at  $F_n=0.25$

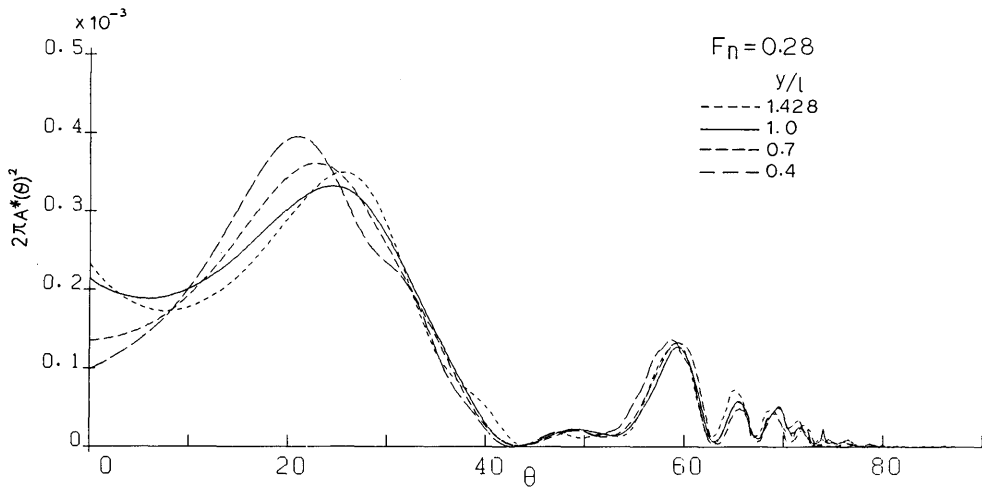


Fig. 5.3.9 Comparison of weighed amplitude functions for  $y/l=0.4, 0.7, 1.0$  and  $1.4286$  at  $F_n=0.28$

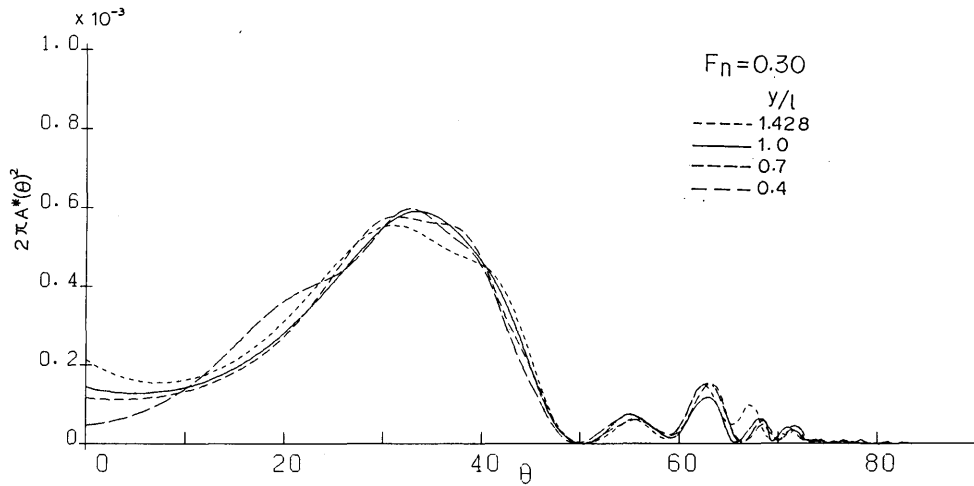


Fig. 5.3.10 Comparison of weighed amplitude functions for  $y/l=0.4, 0.7, 1.0$  and  $1.4286$  at  $F_n=0.30$

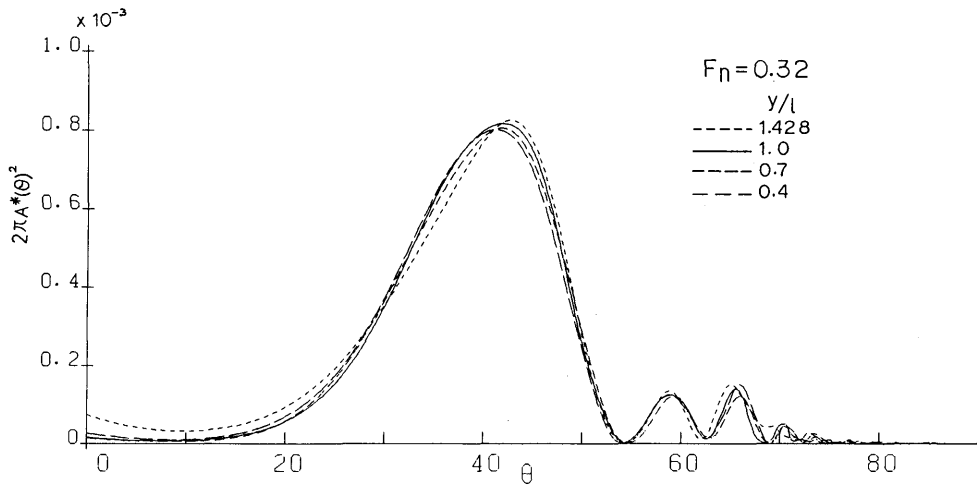


Fig. 5.3.11 Comparison of weighed amplitude functions for  $y/l=0.4, 0.7, 1.0$  and  $1.4286$  at  $F_n=0.32$

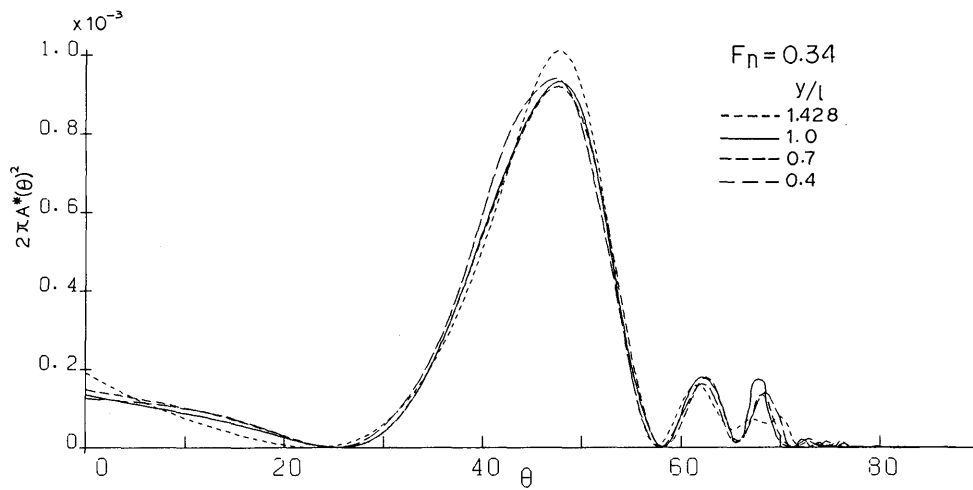


Fig. 5.3.12 Comparison of weighed amplitude functions for  $y/l=0.4, 0.7, 1.0$  and  $1.4286$  at  $F_n=0.34$

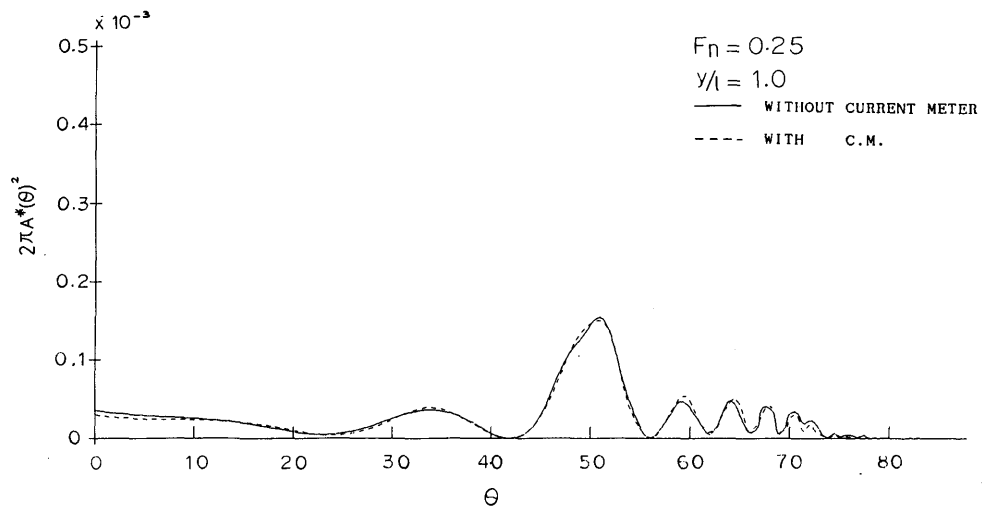


Fig. 5.3.13 Comparison of weighed amplitude functions with and without the current meter for  $y/l=1.0$  at  $F_n=0.25$

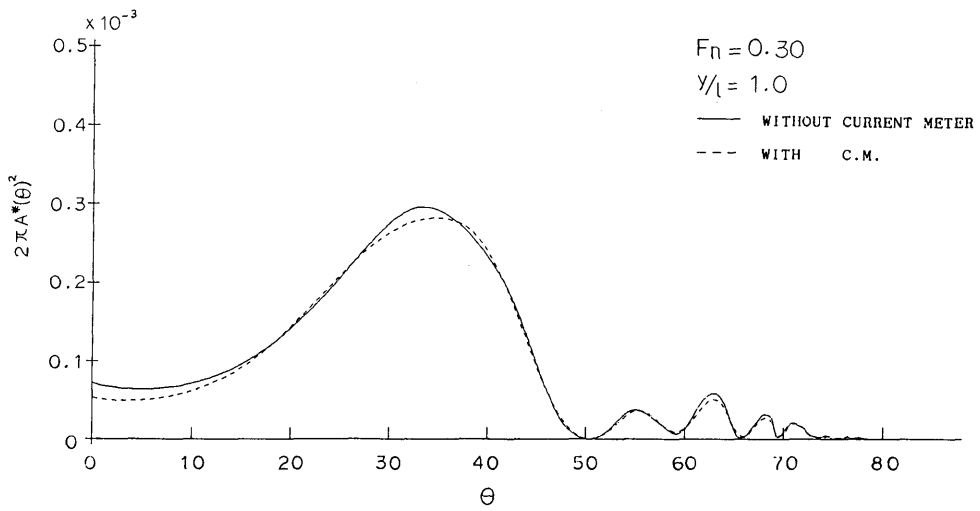


Fig. 5.3.14 Comparison of weighed amplitude functiuns  
with and without the current meter for  $y/l=1.0$  at  $F_n=0.30$

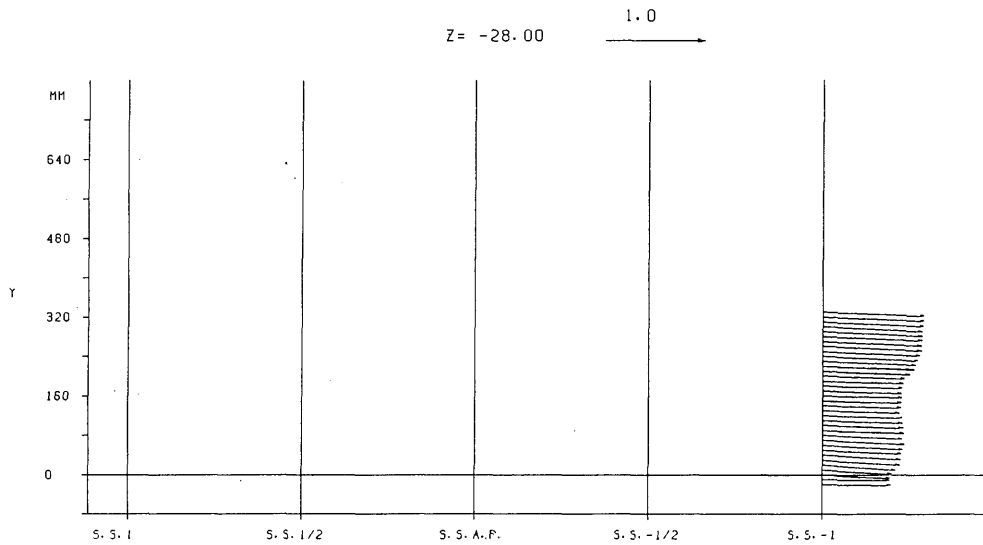


Fig. 5.4.1 Velocity distribution on the horizontal plane  
at  $z/l = -0.0008$

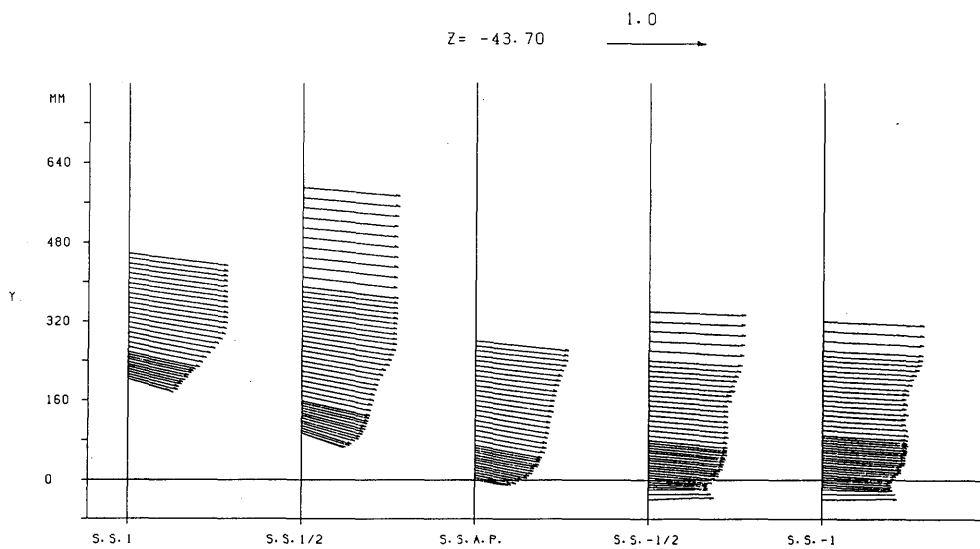


Fig. 5.4.2 Velocity distribution on the horizontal plane  
at  $z/l = -0.00125$

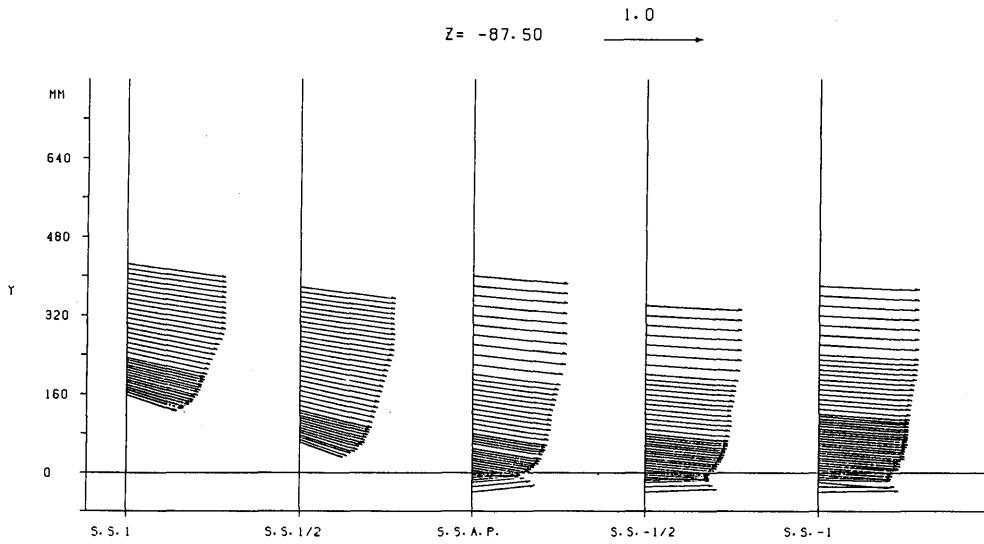


Fig. 5.4.3 Velocity distribution on the horizontal plane at  $z/l = -0.0025$

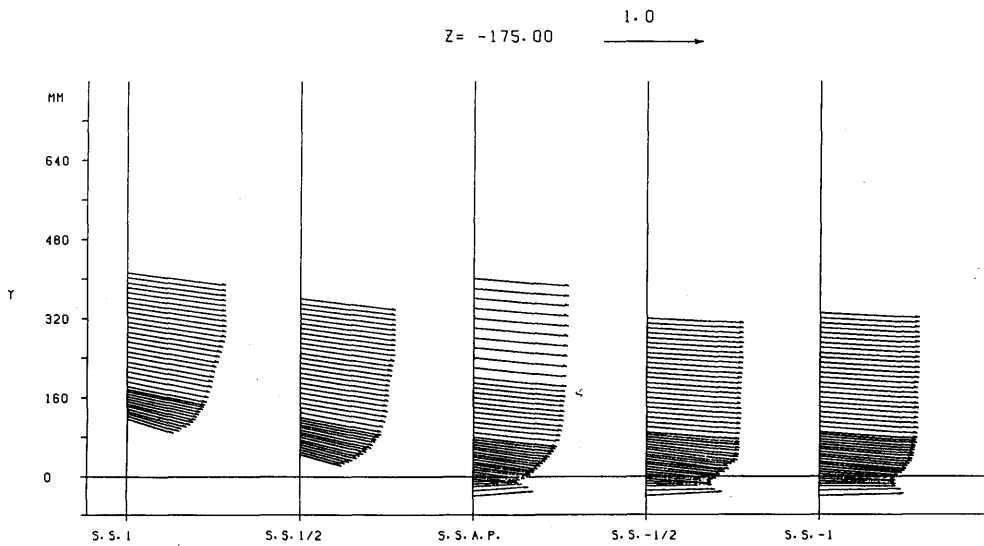


Fig. 5.4.4 Velocity distribution on the horizontal plane at  $z/l = -0.0050$

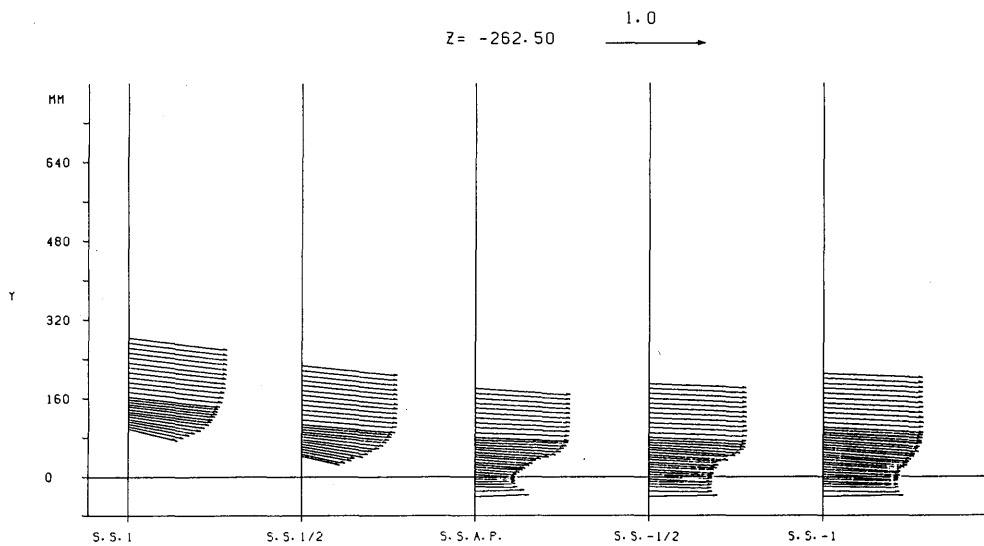


Fig. 5.4.5 Velocity distribution on the horizontal plane at  $z/l = -0.0075$

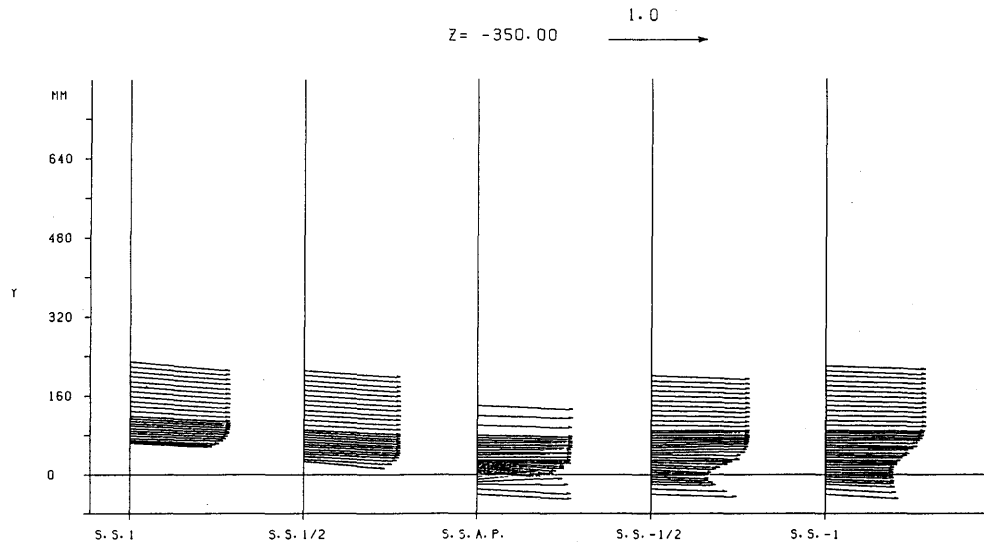


Fig. 5.4.6 Velocity distribution on the horizontal plane at  $z/l = -0.0100$



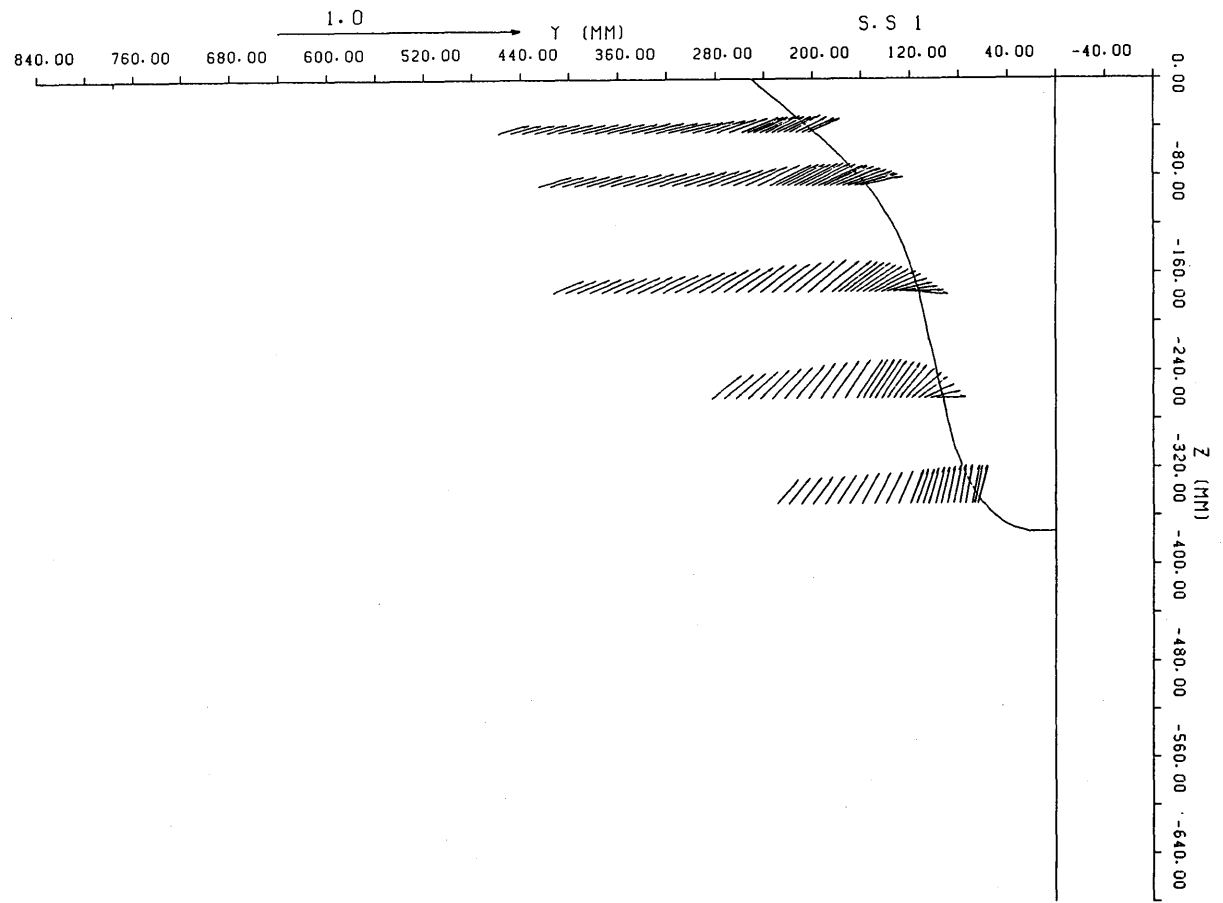


Fig. 5. 4. 7 Velocity distribution on the vertical plane at S.S. 1

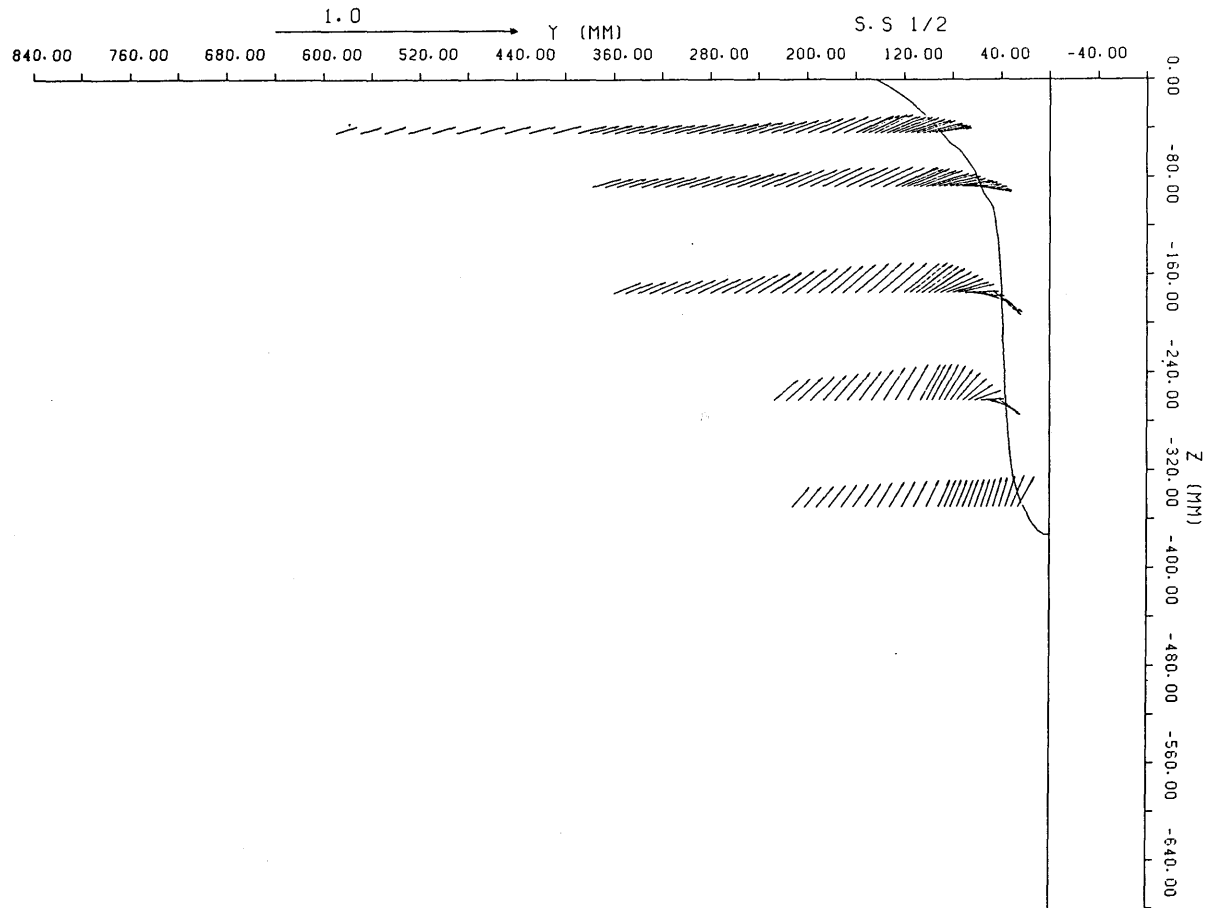


Fig. 5. 4. 8 Velocity distribution on the vertical plane at S.S. 1/2

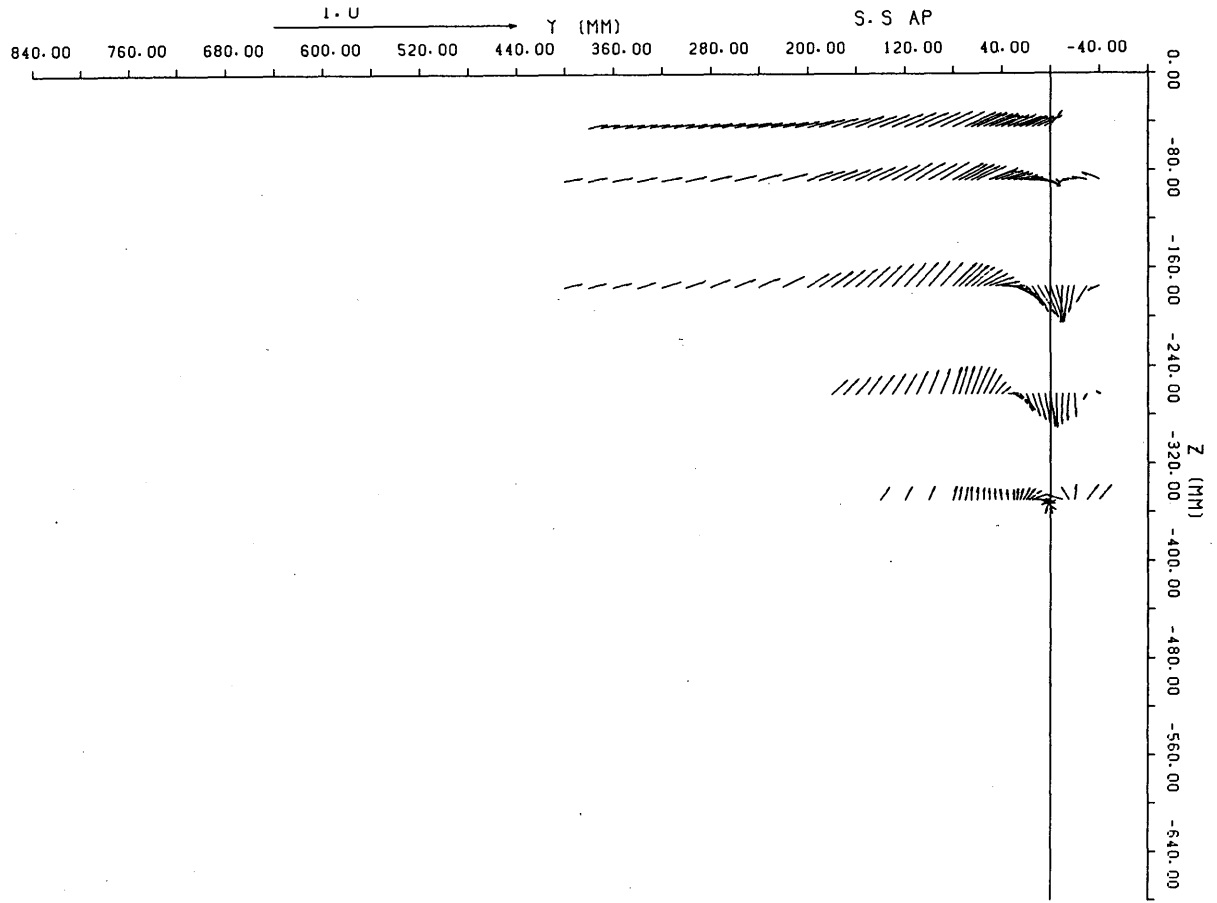


Fig. 5.4.9 Velocity distribution on the vertical plane at S.S. A.P.

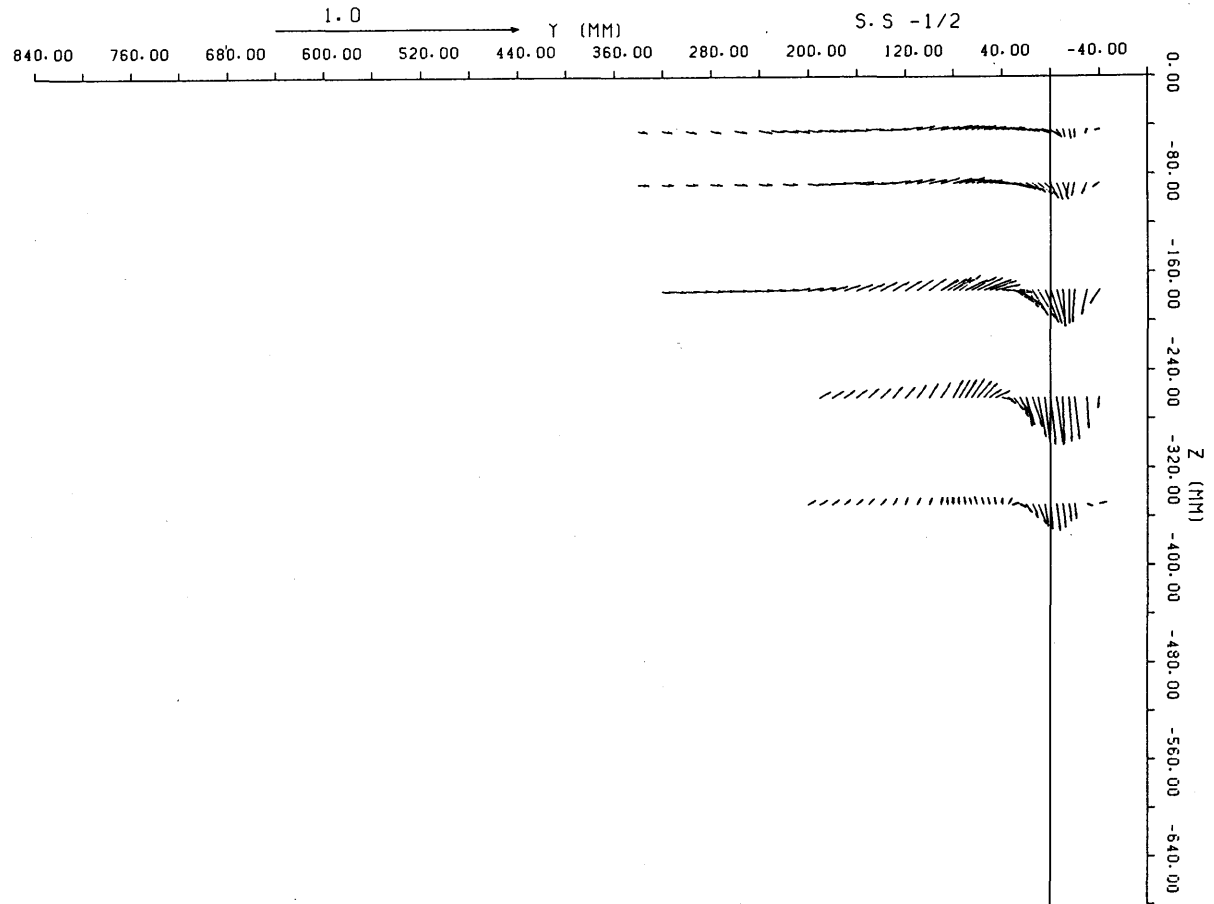


Fig. 5. 4. 10 Velocity distribution on the vertical plane at S.S. -1/2

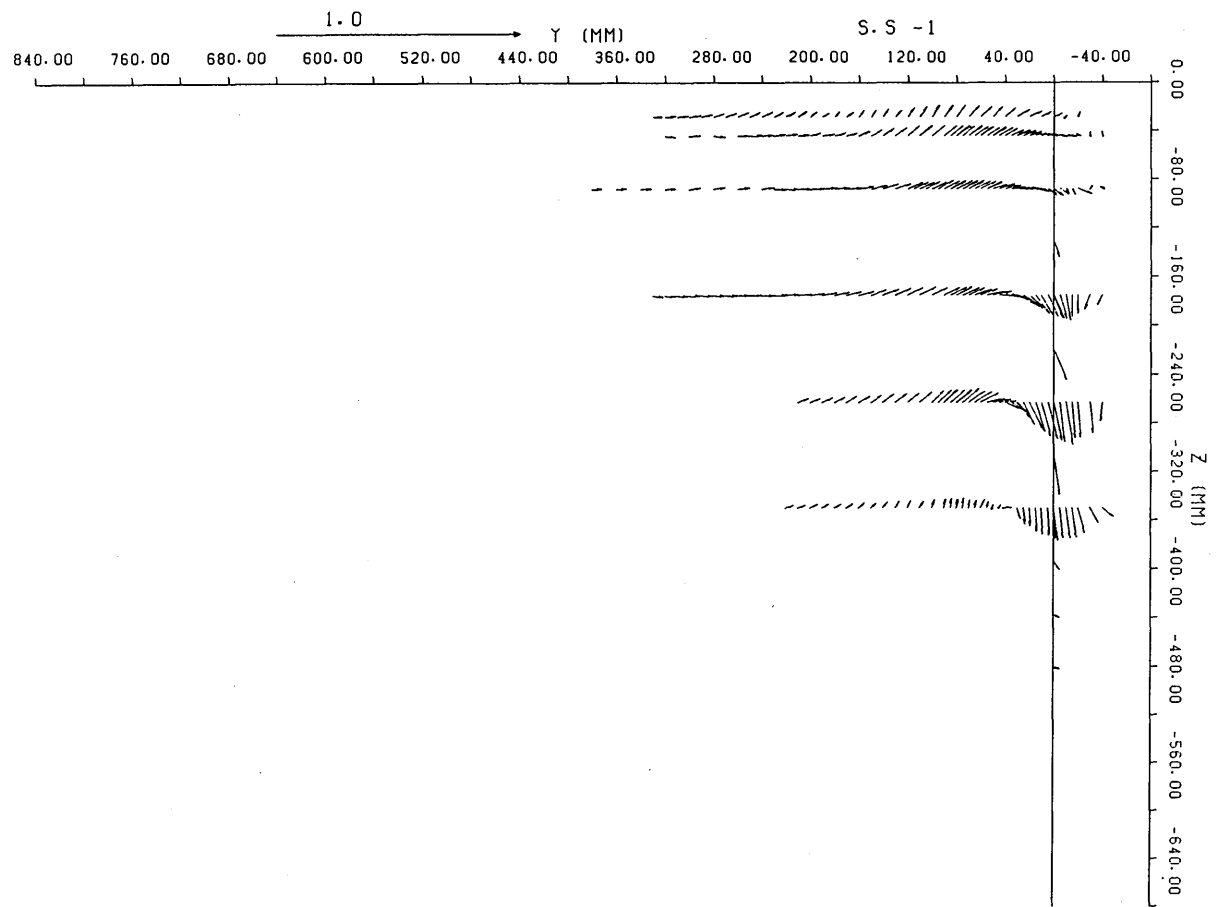
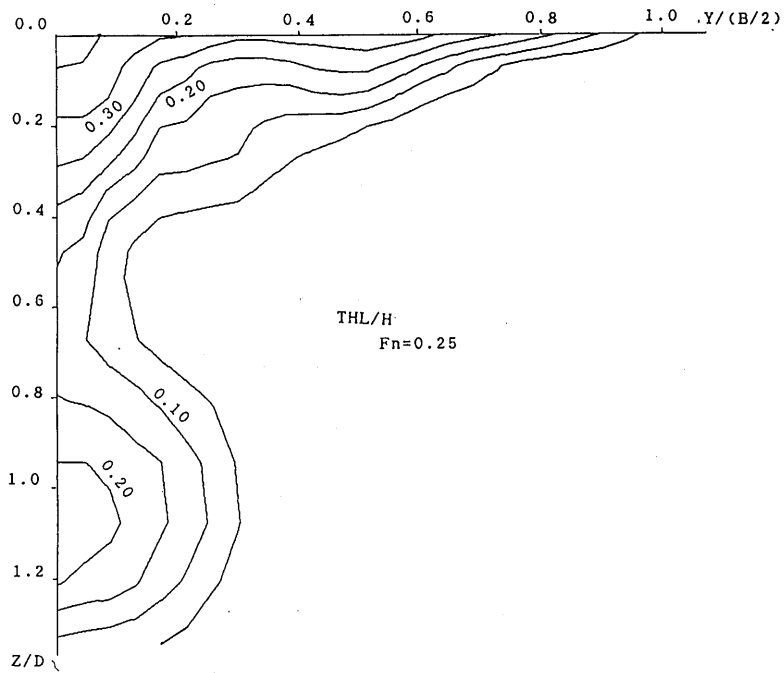
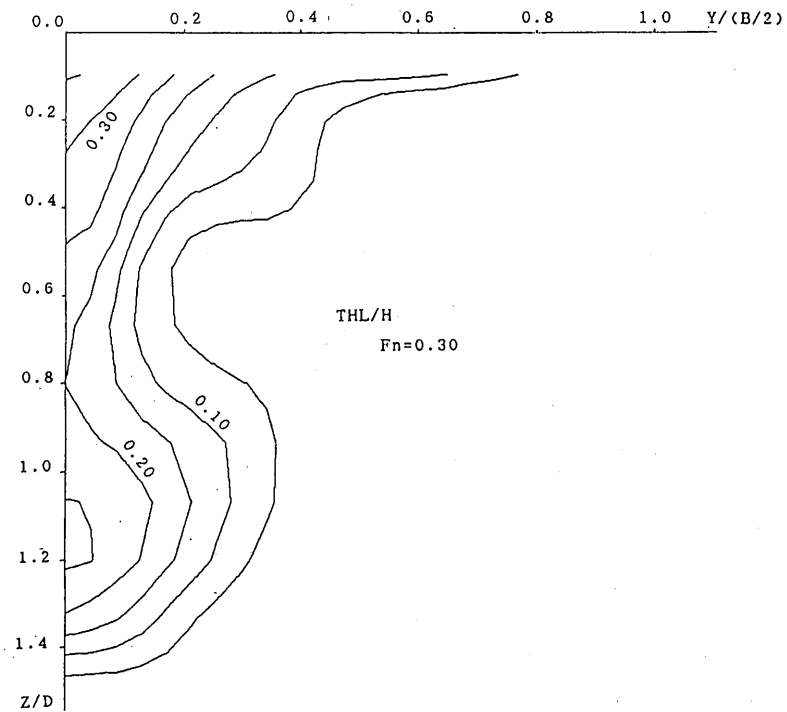


Fig. 5.4.11 Velocity distribution on the vertical plane at S.S. -1

Fig. 5.5.1 Total head loss contour at  $Fn=0.25$ Fig. 5.5.2 Total head loss contour at  $Fn=0.30$

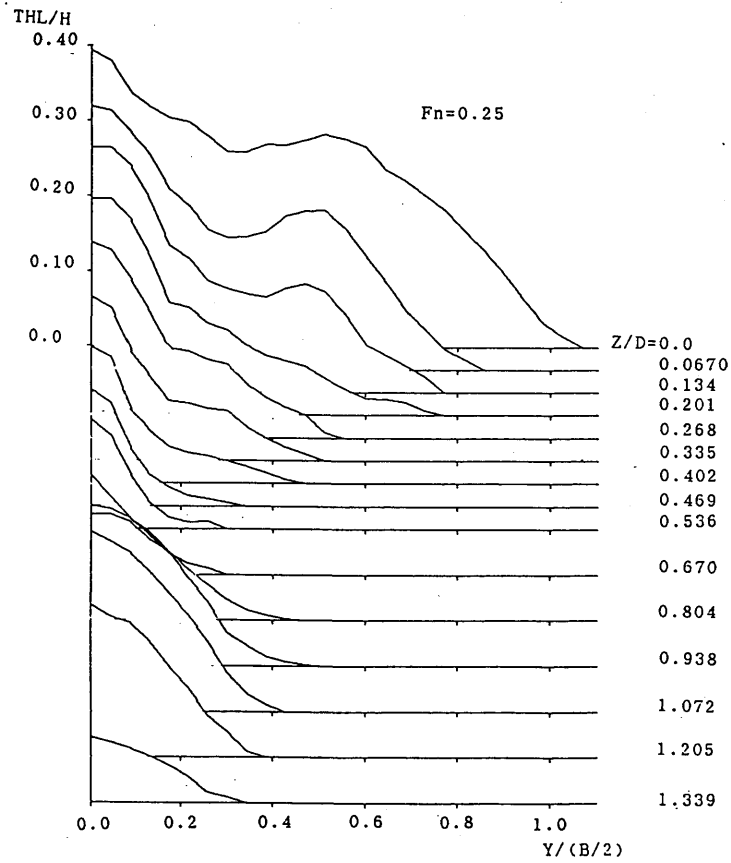


Fig. 5.5.3 Sideward distribution of total head loss at  $Fn=0.25$

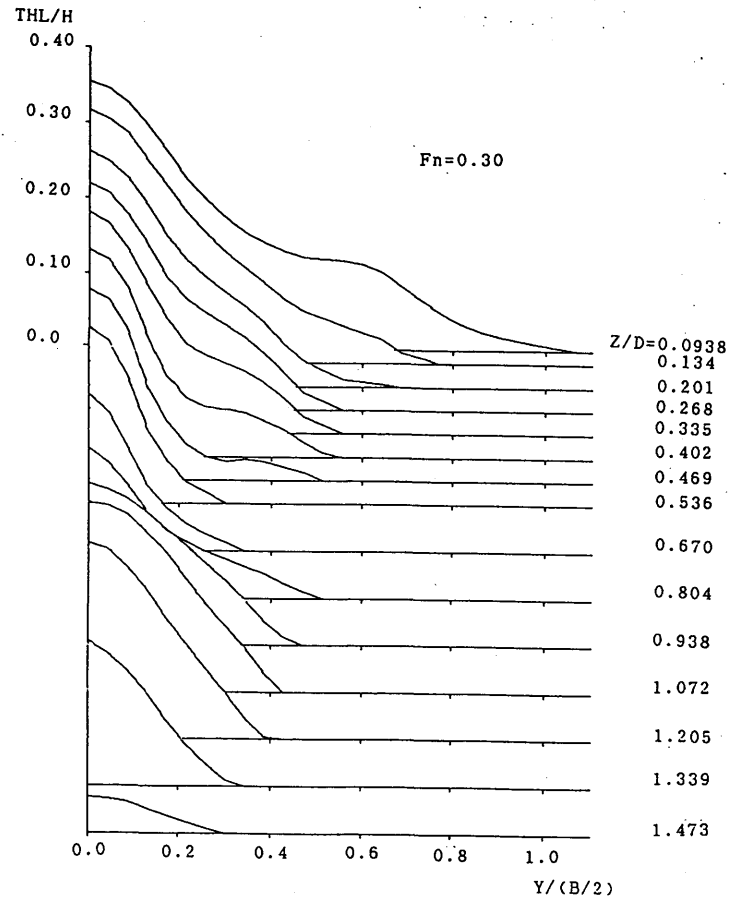


Fig. 5.5.4 Sideward distribution of total head loss at  $Fn=0.30$

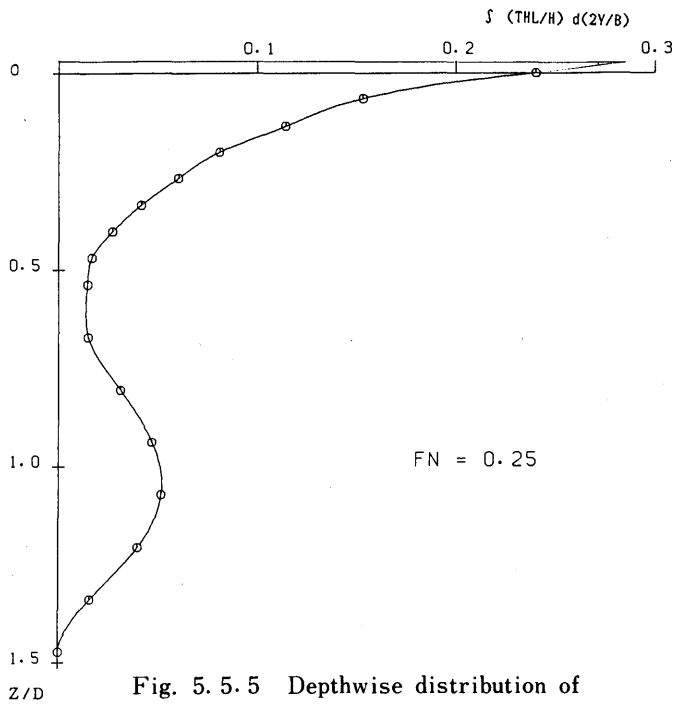


Fig. 5.5.5 Depthwise distribution of horizontally integrated total head loss at  $Fn=0.25$

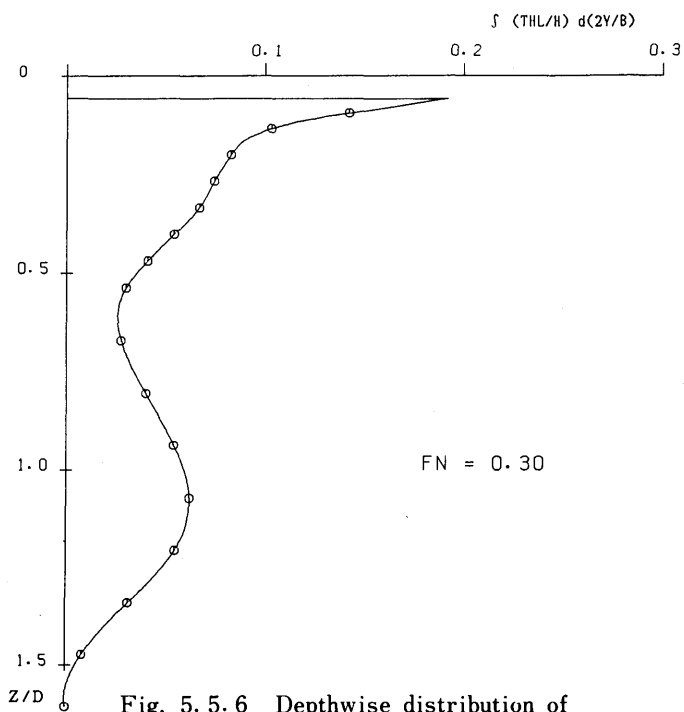


Fig. 5.5.6 Depthwise distribution of horizontally integrated total head loss at  $Fn=0.30$



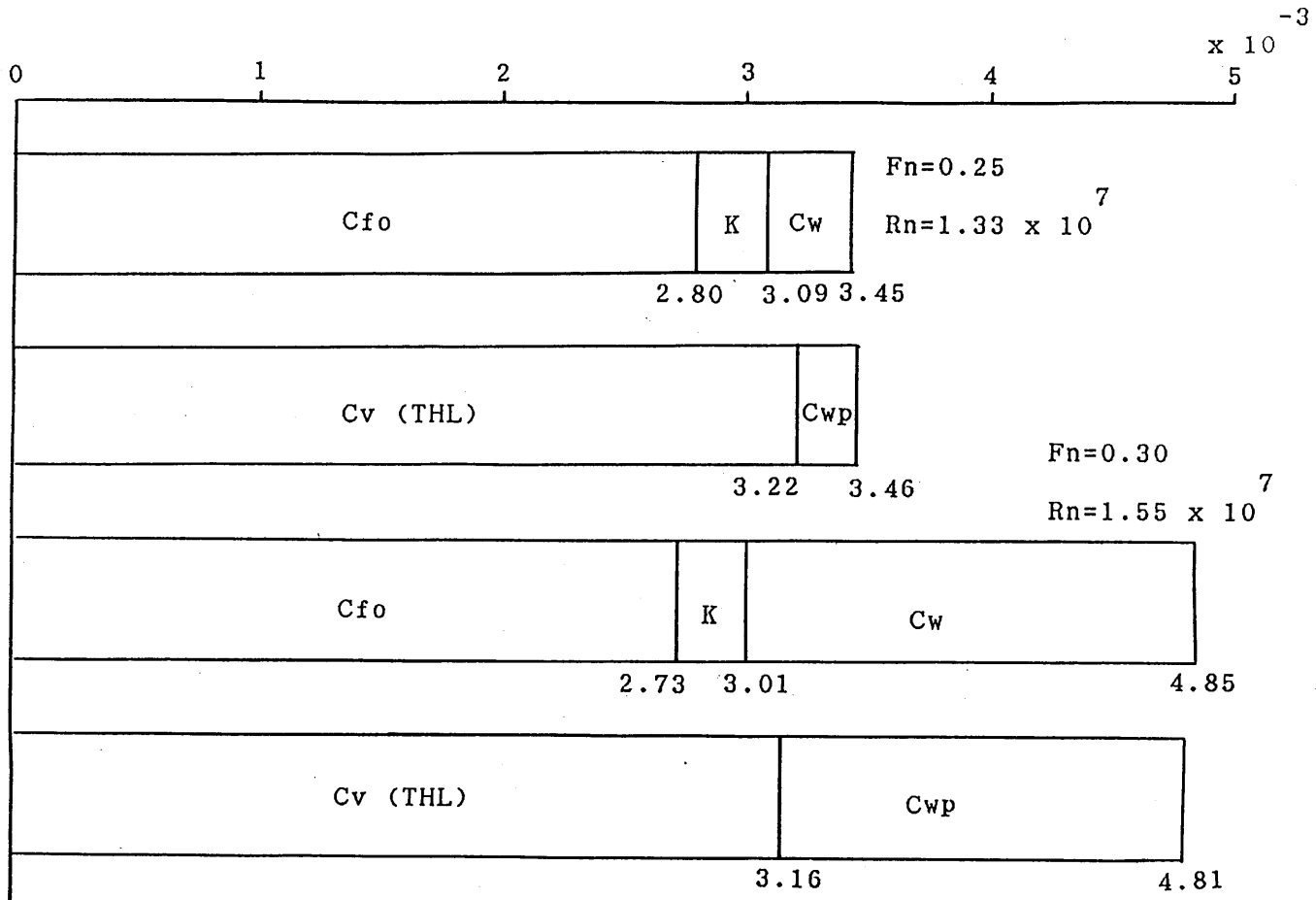


Fig. 5.5.7 Comparison of resistance components